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THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

OF

WATH

(North Riding of Yorkshire)

ANNUAL

REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

SURVEYOR AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for the

YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1965

WATH RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

1965

Chairman of the Council:

Councillor T. English, J.P.

Vice-Chairman of the Council:

Councillor G. Frank.

Members of the Housing, Planning and Health Committee:

Councillor T. English, J.P. (Chairman)

" T. Barker,

" J. Brocklebank, M.B.E., J.P.,

" F. S. Foster,

" G. Frank,

" S. R. Fryer,

" J. F. Graham,

" N. Kendall,

" J. C. Webster,

" I. Wells.

Officers of the Council:

Clerk of the Council:

W. C. Eden, 7, Park Street, Ripon. Tel. Ripon 576.

Medical Officer of Health:

H. Gray, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H., Manor Road, Easingwold, Tel. 324.

Surveyor and Public Health Inspector:

R.D.A. Robinson, M.A.P.H.I.,7, Park Street, Ripon. Tel. Ripon 576.

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ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1965

To the Chairman and Members

of the Wath Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

It is again my privilege to present my annual report to the Council.

The statistics relating to this Rural District call for little comment, but I would draw attention to deaths occurring on the highways. Two residents of the district suffered fatality as a result of motor accidents, but a number of fatalities occurred on one or other of the main highways passing through the district. These deaths are transferred to the district in which the victim normally resides. One wonders whether the A.1. is assumed by drivers to be as safe as a motorway when in fact there are a number of hazardous places along the length in this district. There were no deaths from cancer of the lung in the Wath district in 1965, but the total for the Bulmer Area (23) falls little short of the record number (28) of two years ago.

The Council shows an enlightened attitude towards fluoridation of water and one is hopeful that this measure may eventually be adopted in the Claro Water Board area of supply.

No improvement took place in the nursing services during 1965 insofar as the district has been served by nurses living outside the district.

News that Dishforth Aerodrome was to be closed as an operational station came as a considerable shock to the area, as this establishment bears a considerable proportion of the rate burden, but it is hoped that in the long term other and more productive uses will be found for this establishment, which will in time contribute towards the prosperity of the area.

I am, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

H. GRAY,
M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1965

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The Council shows an enlightened attitude towards fluoridation of water and one is hopeful that this measure may eventually be adopted in the Dearne Water Board area of supply.

No improvement took place in the nursing services during 1965 insofar as the district has been served by nurses living outside the district.

News that Blackpoll Aerodrome was to be closed as an operational station came as a considerable shock to the area, as this establishment been a considerable proportion of the rate burden, but it is hoped that in the long term other and more productive uses will be found for this establishment, which will in time contribute towards the prosperity of the area.

I am, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

H. GRAY,

M.D., Ch.M., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND DESCRIPTION OF THE AREA

Description

The Rural District of Wath is situate on the extreme South-West corner of the North Riding of Yorkshire and is on the borders of the West Riding. It lies in the Vale of York and is extremely flat. The area is predominantly agricultural in character, the land being of excellent quality.

The area is bounded on the East by the River Swale and on the West by the River Ure. Neighbouring authorities are the Ripon and Pateley Bridge Rural District Council, Bedale Rural District Council, Thirsk Rural District Council and Easingwold Rural District Council.

Statistics

Registrar-General's estimate of resident population (mid 1965)	3000
Number of dwelling houses in the District. a. Privately Owned	541
b. Council Houses	145
c. Service Married Quarters ..	48
Area in acres..	17,007
Number of Parishes	11
Rateable Value	£113,414
Estimated product of a Penny Rate	£449-0-0d

VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births

	Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	19	16	35
Illegitimate	-	1	1

Live birth rate 12.0. England and Wales - 18.0.
Illegitimate live births per cent of total births - 3%

Still Births - There was 1 stillbirth in the year.

Infant Deaths - (deaths under 1 year) - 2, one of which was in a child less than 4 weeks old.

Infant Mortality Rates

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births - 55. (England & Wales - 19.0.)
Legitimate " " " legitimate " - 57.
Illegitimate " " " illegitimate " - Nil.

Neo-natal Mortality rate (death under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births) - 28
Early Neo-natal " " (" " 1 week " " " " ") - Nil
Peri-natal " " (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week/1,000 births) - 27.

Maternal Mortality - (including abortion)
Number of deaths - Nil
Rate per 1,000 total live and stillbirths - Nil

Deaths

	Males	Females	Total
Deaths from all causes	11	7	18

Rate per 1,000 of population Uncorrected - 6.0
(Correction Factor 1.68) Corrected - 10.0 (England & Wales 11.5)

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

Notifications were received of 15 cases of measles and one case of scarlet fever.

STATISTICS AND DESCRIPTION OF THE AREA

Description

The Rural District of Neath is situate on the extreme South-West corner of the North Riding of Yorkshire and is on the borders of the West Riding. It lies in the Vale of York and is extremely flat. The area is predominantly agricultural in character, the land being of excellent quality.

The area is bounded on the East by the River Swale and on the West by the River Ure. Neighbouring authorities are the Ripon and Thirsk Rural District Council, Bedale Rural District Council, Thirsk Rural District Council and Leyburn Rural District Council.

Statistics

Registrar-General's estimate of resident population (mid 1955)	3000
Number of dwelling houses in the District. a. Privately Owned	342
b. Council Houses	145
c. Service Married quarters ..	42
Area in acres..	17,027
Number of Parishes	11
Rateable Value	£13,414
Estimated product of a Penny Rate	£44-0-0d

VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births

	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	19	16	35
Illegitimate	-	1	1

Live birth rate 12.0. England and Wales - 15.0.
Illegitimate live births per cent of total births - 2%

Still Births - There was 1 stillbirth in the year.

Infant Deaths - (deaths under 1 year) - 2, one of which was in a child less than 4 weeks old.

Infant Mortality Rates

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births - 55. (England & Wales - 19.0.)
Legitimate " " " legitimate " - 57.
Illegitimate " " " illegitimate " - Nil.

Neo-natal Mortality rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births) - 28
Early Neo-natal " " " 1 week " " " " " - Nil
Peri-natal " " (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week/1,000 births) - 27.

Maternal Mortality - (including abortion)
Number of deaths - Nil
Rate per 1,000 total live and stillbirths - Nil

Deaths

	Males	Females	Total
Deaths from all causes	11	7	18

Rate per 1,000 of population Uncorrected - 6.0
(Correction Factor 1.68) Corrected - 10.0 (England & Wales 11.5)

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

Notifications were received of 15 cases of measles and one case of scarlet fever.

CAUSES OF DEATH

Registrar General's Return

	Diseases	1964 M	1964 F	1965 M	1965 F	1965 Total
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Tuberculosis, other	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Syphilitic diseases	-	-	-	-	-
4.	Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Whooping cough	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Meningococcal infections	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Acute poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-
8.	Measles	-	-	-	-	-
9.	Other infective and parasitic conditions ..	-	-	-	-	-
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	-	-	-	-	-
11.	" " lung	1	-	-	-	-
12.	" " breast	-	-	-	1	1
13.	" " uterus	-	-	-	1	1
14.	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms ..	1	-	-	-	-
15.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	-	-	-	-	-
16.	Diabetes	-	-	-	-	-
17.	Vascular lesions of the nervous system ..	1	-	2	-	2
18.	Coronary disease, angina	1	3	1	2	3
19.	Hypertension with heart disease	-	1	-	1	1
20.	Other heart diseases	1	2	3	-	3
21.	Other circulatory diseases	-	-	-	1	1
22.	Influenza	-	-	-	-	-
23.	Pneumonia	2	-	1	1	2
24.	Bronchitis	-	-	1	-	1
25.	Other diseases of the respiratory system ..	-	-	-	-	-
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	-	1	1	-	1
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	1	-	-	-	-
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis	-	-	-	-	-
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	-	-	-	-	-
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion	-	-	-	-	-
31.	Congenital malformations	-	-	-	-	-
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases ..	-	-	-	-	-
33.	Motor vehicle accidents	3	-	2	-	2
34.	All other accidents	-	-	-	-	-
35.	Suicide	1	-	-	-	-
36.	Homicide and operations of War	-	-	-	-	-
	Totals	12	7	11	7	18

CAUSES OF DEATH

Registrar General's Return

Diseases	1964 M	1964 F	1965 M	1965 F	1965 Total
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	-	-	-	-
2. Tuberculosis, other	-	-	-	-	-
3. Syphilitic diseases	-	-	-	-	-
4. Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-
5. Whooping cough	-	-	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal infections	-	-	-	-	-
7. Acute poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-	-
8. Measles	-	-	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic conditions ..	-	-	-	-	-
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	-	-	-	-	-
11. " " lung	1	-	-	-	-
12. " " breast	-	-	-	1	1
13. " " uterus	-	-	-	1	1
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms ..	1	-	-	-	-
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia	-	-	-	-	-
16. Diabetes	-	-	-	-	-
17. Vascular lesions of the nervous system ..	1	-	2	-	2
18. Coronary disease, angina	1	3	1	2	3
19. Hypertension with heart disease	-	1	-	1	1
20. Other heart diseases	1	2	3	-	3
21. Other circulatory disease	-	-	-	1	1
22. Influenza	-	-	-	-	-
23. Pneumonia	2	-	1	1	2
24. Bronchitis	-	-	1	-	1
25. Other diseases of the respiratory system ..	-	-	-	-	-
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	-	1	1	-	1
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	1	-	-	-	-
28. Nephritis and nephrosis	-	-	-	-	-
29. Hyperplasia of prostate	-	-	-	-	-
30. Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion	-	-	-	-	-
31. Congenital malformation	-	-	-	-	-
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases ..	-	-	-	-	-
33. Motor vehicle accidents	3	-	2	-	2
34. All other accidents	-	-	-	-	-
35. Suicide	1	-	-	-	-
36. Homicide and operations of War	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	12	7	11	7	18

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE BULMER AREA

- -

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE BULMER AREA

The County Council is divided into ten areas for day to day administration of health services. The Bulmer Area is the largest in population and consists of the four Rural Districts of Easingwold, Flaxton, Thirsk and Wath, the Area Offices being at Manor Road, Easingwold, and shared with other departments of the County Council, Welfare, Mental Welfare, Children's Department, Highways and Planning.

Your Medical Officer of Health holds appointments with the four district councils, and with the Health and Education Committees of the County. There are two full time medical officers employed largely within the area, Dr. Eggleton with the Mobile Clinic., and with some duties in the School Health Service, and Dr. Gowans employed mainly in school work. A number of general practitioners are employed on a sessional basis at infant welfare clinics, mainly in the more rural parts of the area in which most of the patients would be on their own lists.

Laboratory Facilities

The Public Health Laboratories at Northallerton carry out examinations of water, milk, ice cream and specimens taken during the investigation of infectious diseases. A useful facility provided is the collection of specimens from the Area Office and district council office weekly. Assistance in the examination of specimens is occasionally given at the bacteriology department at the County Hospital of York. With the advent of the cervical cytology service a considerable extra load will be placed on those hospital laboratories which are able to carry out the examination of the slides.

Ambulance Service

The area is served by two stations at Haxby and Thirsk with co-operation extended to and received from adjoining ambulance authorities. The extensive use of radio communication has increased the efficiency of the service and helped to reduce the ever increasing cost of this essential service.

Child Welfare

There are three purpose built clinics in the area, at Easingwold, Thirsk and Huntington, and the use of these premises increases. Dentistry is not available yet at Huntington, but at all centres speech therapy, chiropody, cervical cytology, and at Huntington and Thirsk, family planning clinics are available.

Child welfare clinics are held at 22 centres within the area, the mobile clinic attending at 12 of these centres. In some of the more rural parts of the area transport is provided to enable mothers to attend at these centres. The popularity of these clinics is measured by the number of children attending. In 1965 no less than 3,758 children under school age attended at some time during the year, and 1,131 children born in 1965 attended one or other of the clinics. A reasonable variety of propritary infant foods is sold at all clinics, and at the majority of them the National Welfare Foods. In many cases the assistance of voluntary helpers is available to sell the food or otherwise to assist at the running of these clinics. Their help is greatly appreciated and indeed essential if the present facilities are to be maintained.

Nursing Services

In the more rural parts of the area generalised duties nurses are employed. These nurses undertake Midwifery, Home Nursing and Health Visiting. Where the population is more concentrated, health visiting is carried out by nurses employed solely in this field, leaving the duties of home nursing and midwifery to combined duties nurses. Some difficulty is experienced in obtaining a full complement of nurses, and the further separation of midwifery and home nursing in order to employ staff not fully qualified in both branches was not entirely successful. At the year end the following staff were employed:-

	Full-time	Part-time
Health visiting	4	3
Generalised duties	9	1
Home nurses, midwifery (combined duties)	4	
Midwifery	1	
Home nursing		2

Vaccination & Immunisation

	1962	1963	1964	1965
Bulmer area - total population	60,270	61,130	62,360	63,100
No. of live births in area	1,146	1,209	1,242	1,168
Children vaccinated against smallpox in year	1,676	330	598	702
Children immunised against diphtheria (primary)	970	1,111	910	1,174
Children immunised against diphtheria (booster)	388	486	710	708
Children immunised against whooping cough	1,109	987	902	1,150
Children completed primary polio course				1,195
" " reinforcing polio doses				807

The figures for polio vaccination are included in the above table for the first time.

For/.....

For many years one has been vaccinating children of all ages and adults, and after this lapse of time the procedure has settled down into a routine one, with vaccination against polio taking its place with the other procedures. Several years ago in my report I suggested that measles vaccination would soon be available and it now seems that vaccination against this too will take place. As the triple vaccine is now almost entirely used for primary immunisation, a growing proportion of our young population will be immune to tetanus also.

It is hoped that when teething troubles with the computer are overcome, it will be easier to ensure that the necessary reinforcing doses will be offered at the optimum time and a solid immunity built up against all these diseases.

Welfare Foods

The National Welfare Foods are supplied at clinics and at the Health Office. A few shopkeepers handle them also on a voluntary basis, but from time to time a shopkeeper, usually through falling sales finds that it is not worthwhile to continue. Where no hardship to mothers is likely to arise an attemp is made to concentrate these sales at fewer places. Most clinics maintain a good variety of proprietar foods and sales seem continuously to increase.

Domestic Health Service

The number of maternity cases helped seems to decline, possibly due to the increasing proportio of women confined in hospital, although the total hours worked increases from year to year in other cases mainly the aged. During the course of the year a number of cases are assisted to make private arrangements for domestic help and these are of course excluded from the statistics.

	1962	1963	1964	1965
Maternity	20	19	16	9
Chronic sick, aged, etc.	118	124	134	122
Others	9	14	11	11
Hours worked	24,501	27,613	28,140	28,511

All 68 home helps employed are on a part time basis.

Chiropody

Three chiropodists are employed part time at 12 centres in the area. In some cases village halls and similar places are used, and the service is not carried out with the same facilities as exist in our own three clinics. The service is greatly appreciated, and in some cases voluntary efforts have raised the cost of providing a proper chiropody chair. Voluntary workers assist at these clinics both with clerical work, reception, and in some cases by providing transport for patients.

Care and after care.

Apparatus and nursing aids are provided on loan to patients. Permanent provision of aids remains a function of the Welfare Department.

Cases of tuberculosis are provided with a pint of milk free each day on the recommendation of the Chest Physician. A health visitor attends the chest clinics.

Family Planning

Although facilities for family planning advice had been available for some considerable time outside the Bulmer Area, the Family Planning Association were invited to make use of our new clinics at Thirsk and Huntington, and regular sessions commenced at both places as follows:

Thirsk - first two Thursdays each month, 7 p.m. - 8 p.m.

Huntington - third and fourth Monday mornings each month.

No doubt this service will increase as other premises become available and as the principle of planned parenthood becomes more fully accepted. Cervical cytology for the early detection of cancer of the cervix made a modest start at the Thirsk clinics but had to be confined to those women attending for family planning advice. It was clear that this preventive measure would be required on a much wider basis and arrangements were worked out for this to be made available in 1966 to all women in the 30 - 65 age group.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SURVEYOR
AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

SURVEYOR AND

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for 1965

To the Chairman and Members of the Wath Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting my Report for 1965.

The past year has shown signs of the continuous improvement of conditions and amenities throughout the district.

The new sewerage scheme for Dishforth was put to public tender and a figure of £27,164-6-8d was accepted for the construction. Work on this is now well advanced.

No new housing schemes were undertaken during the year and the housing situation throughout the area is such that there is no need for the erection of more Council dwellings at the present time.

Duties carried out by me include, housing management, management of sewage disposal schemes and their construction, food inspection, pest control, building byelaw inspections, petroleum spirit licensing and enforcement of public health and welfare legislation.

In conclusion, I would like to express my thanks to all members of the Council and the staff for their co-operation during the year.

I am, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

R.D.A. ROBINSON
Surveyor and Public Health Inspector.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Water Supplies

During the year 20 samples were taken for bacteriological examination and 9 of these were found to be unsatisfactory.

Sewage Disposal

As in previous years, unsatisfactory samples of sewage effluent continued to be taken by the Yorkshire Ouse and Hull River Authority Inspector from Middleton Quernhow, Hutton Conyers, Cundall, Marton-le-Moor, Dishforth and Baldersby St. James. The only satisfactory samples were taken from Wath, Baldersby, Asenby and Rainton.

As previously stated, work on the new scheme at Dishforth was begun in September.

By the end of the year the works were approximately 60% complete and the laying of main sewers was well under way. Considerable difficulty was experienced in several parts of the village during sewer laying due to the haphazard route of the existing sewer. On several occasions diversions had to be made to by-pass certain sections of this and this proved to be time consuming and on occasions, technically difficult.

After much difficulty, and without having had to resort to legal action, farmers in Rainton were finally persuaded to disconnect their farm effluents from the sewerage system. About 95% of farm effluent is now disconnected and disposed of privately by the farmers concerned and the works still outstanding should be completed within the next few months.

Similar procedure has now been started to remove farm effluents at Dishforth.

Milk and Dairies

There are nine registered distributors of milk serving the area. Three of these are resident within the area and six deliver from surrounding districts. A few farmers also provide employees with milk direct from the farm.

Ice-Cream

Six premises within the district are licensed to sell ice-cream. All obtain ice-cream pre-packed from manufacturers and store it in modern deep-freeze cabinets until sold. Two or three vans from outside the area retail ice-cream during the summer months. There are no manufacturing premises.

Food Hygiene

There are 7 food shops, 7 licensed premises and 2 cafes in the area, and the standard of food hygiene in these establishments is good.

During the year 54 inspections were made at these premises. This is a decrease of 8 on the number of inspections made last year.

I am pleased to report that there have been no cases of food poisoning within the past year.

Public Cleansing

The collection of household refuse is still let out to contract and the system continues to work very well. Collection takes place once a fortnight with the exception of 48 married quarters at Dishforth R.A.F. Station, which are collected weekly.

The cost of cleansing for the year amounted to £1109-12-4d or the equivalent of 2,507d in the £.

Pest Control

In the year under review 6 business and 3 domestic premises were serviced. A total of 60 visits and inspections were made during the year to investigate complaints, deal with any infestations and by way of survey under the Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949.

All the Council's sewers and sewage works are serviced regularly four times a year.

The Council are also under contract to the North Riding County Council to service litter bins on lay-bys on all main roads throughout the area.

Topcliffe Fair

This annual event was again well attended by gipsies and travelling dealers of all kinds. Contact was established with the "head gipsy" and his co-operation received and as a result latrines and refuse pits were dug and to a large extent used. The agent acting for the owners arranged for the whole site to be cleaned and limed within a few days of the end of the horse fair and also restricted the stay of the caravans.

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963

There are 11 premises within the area to which the Act applies.

15 inspections of the premises concerned were carried out and the owners were informed of work required to bring their premises up to the required standard.

Factory Inspection

The type of factory for which we are responsible is that where there is no power operated plant. Where power operated plantis in use, we are only responsible for sanitary accommodation.

There are no large works in the area but eight small premises are classed as factories. They are:-

2 Agricultural Engineers
2 Automobile Engineers
1 Grain Drying Plant
2 Joiners Shops
1 Concrete Block Manufacturer

During the year minor infringements were rectified without resorting to any formal notices.

Drainage of Trade Premises Act 1937 and Public Health Act 1961

I am pleased to report that all farms in Rainton which came under the provisions of the above Acts have made some headway in meeting the Council's request that they disconnect their effluents from the Council's sewer. Some farms are now totally disconnected and all the remainder have only minor alterations to be done.

The same process is now being adopted at Dishforth and it is hoped that the example shown at Rainton will ease the Council's task considerably.

Council Housing

No new houses were built during the year but the Council did purchase four sub-standard houses from British Railways at Melmerby Station. Plans and specifications were drawn up for the improvement of these premises and the works of improvement were scheduled to begin in early 1966. When improved, the cottages will have all modern amenities and will prove to be a useful addition to the Council's properties.

The cost of repairs for the year ending 31st March, 1966 was £1649-0-0d or £11-7-5d per house.

Supervision and management over the same period was £4-16-8d per house.

At the end of the year there were 16 applications for Council Bungalows and 25 applications for Council Houses.

Improvement Grants - Discretionary

During the year grants were approved in respect of 2 dwellinghouses. This is a decrease of 3 on last year and the total number of houses which have received or are about to receive grant aid now amounts to 91. The total grant aid given amounted to £662-0-0d in the year.

Improvement Grants - Standard

During 1965 applications for standard grants have been approved in respect of 3 dwellings, bringing the total since the inception of the scheme to 38. The work of providing standard amenities has been completed and grants totalling £266-10-0d paid.

Housing (Financial & Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1938 - 1946

No applications for grant aid under these provisions were received during the year.

Private Housing

5 houses were completed during the year for private individuals.

Building Plans

32 premises were examined and premises inspected in connection with Building Byelaw applications. 47 applications for planning consent were received, 40 of these were approved, 5 rejected and 2 deferred.

PARISHES AND POPULATION DENSITY

Parish	Acreage	Number of Houses
Asenby	1,179	54
Baldersby	1,831	85
Cundall-with-Leckby	2,052	36
Dishforth	1,765	159
Hutton Conyers	3,212	63
Marton-le-Moor	1,679	43
Melmerby	1,139	89
Middleton Quernhow	763	23
Norton Conyers	1,042	17
Rainton-with-Newby	1,578	101
Wath	767	64

The number of houses includes for some on which there are Closing Orders and also 48 married quarters at Dishforth Aerodrome.

The population of 3,000 is estimated by the Registrar General for mid-1965, and this gives a density of 4.08 persons per dwelling.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 TO 1959

Annual Report of the Public Health Inspector in respect of the year 1965 for the rural district of Wath in the county of Yorkshire (North Riding).

PART 1 OF THE ACT

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to Health

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	-	-	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	8	16	-	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' prems.)	-	-	-	-

2. Cases in which defects were found - 2.

Part VIII of the Act - Outwork - (Sections 110 - 111) - Nil Return.

THE OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of Premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Total number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	-	3	3
Retail Shops	-	1	1
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	1	1
Catering establishments open to the public, canteens	-	3	3
Fuel Storage Depots	2	3	3

NUMBER OF VISITS OF ALL KINDS BY INSPECTORS TO REGISTERED PREMISES

11

ANALYSIS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN REGISTERED PREMISES BY WORKPLACE

Class of Workplace	Number of Persons Employed
Offices	5
Retail Shops	2
Wholesale departments, warehouses	5
Catering establishments open to the public	28
Canteens	-
Fuel Storage Depots	3
Total	43
Total Males	13
Total Females	30

There were no exemptions or prosecutions during the year.

INSPECTORS

No. of inspectors appointed under Section 52(1) or (5) of the Act - 1.

No. of other staff employed for most of their time on work in connection with the Act - Nil.

THE OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of Premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Total number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving general inspection during the year
Offices	-	3	3
Retail Shops	-	1	1
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	1	1
Catering establishments open to the public, canteens	-	5	5
Fuel Storage Depots	2	3	3

NUMBER OF VISITS OF ALL KINDS BY INSPECTORS TO REGISTERED PREMISES

11

ANALYSIS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN REGISTERED PREMISES BY WORKPLACE

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Total	43
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There were no examinations or prosecutions during the year.

INSPECTORS

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No. of other staff employed for most of their time on work in connection with the Act - Nil.